#### Public Health Impacts of Climate Change in Maine







#### Dr. Dora Anne Mills, MD, MPH Director, Maine Center for Disease Control

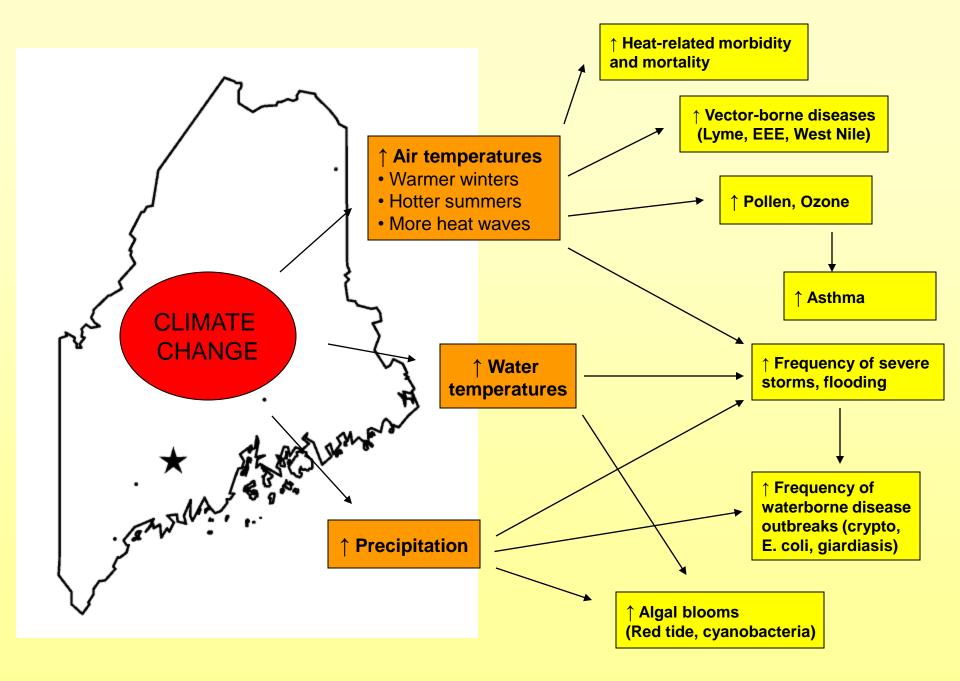


#### Maine Center for Disease Control and Prevention

An Office of the Department of Health and Human Services

John E. Baldacci, Governor

Brenda M. Harvey, Commissioner



#### **Vector Borne Disease**

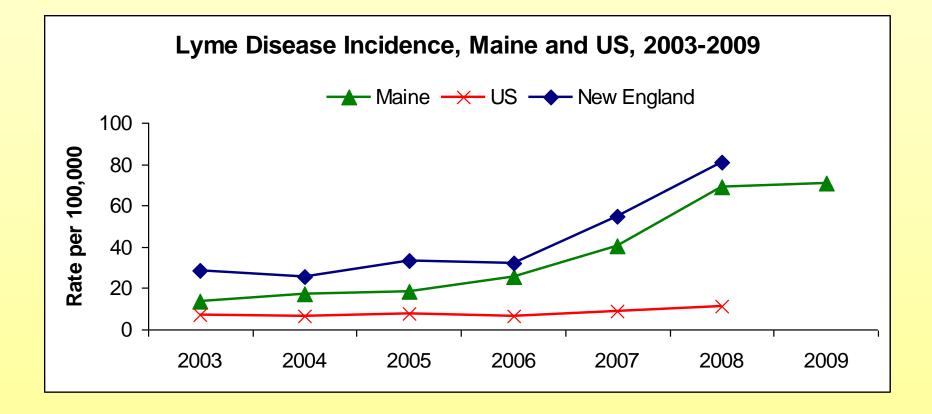


Lyme Disease

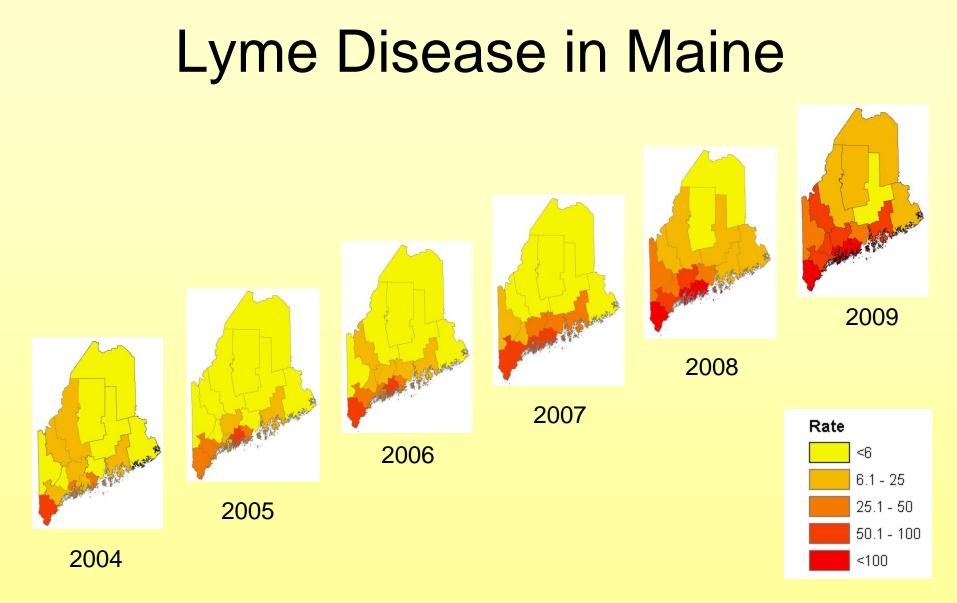


Eastern Equine Encephalitis West Nile Virus

# Lyme Disease in Maine



#### Lyme Disease Incidence in Maine has been Increasing



Lyme Disease is becoming more widespread in Maine

# Eastern Equine Encephalitis

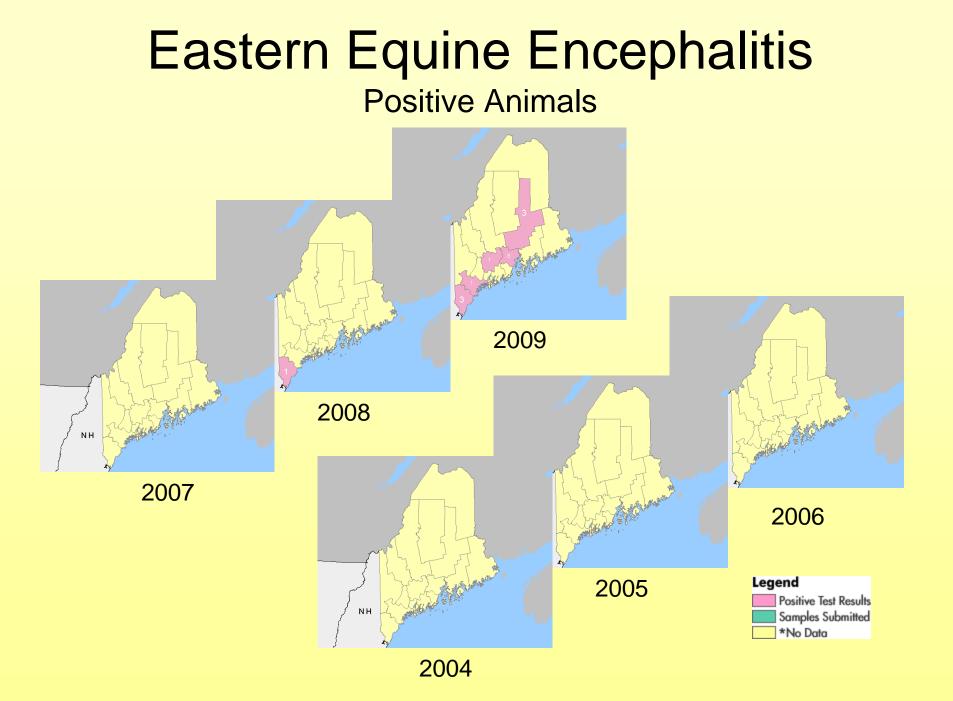
- First identified in ME in 2005
- One horse death and one human death (a visitor to Maine) in 2008
- 15 horses, 1 llama, 3 flocks of pheasants, and 2 mosquito pools diagnosed with EEE in 2009



Mosquito. Image: Maine-CDC



Horses in a field, Biddeford, ME Image: dinidesign, Flickr



## West Nile Virus

- No human cases identified in Maine
- Bird monitoring ended in 2007
- Mosquito monitoring

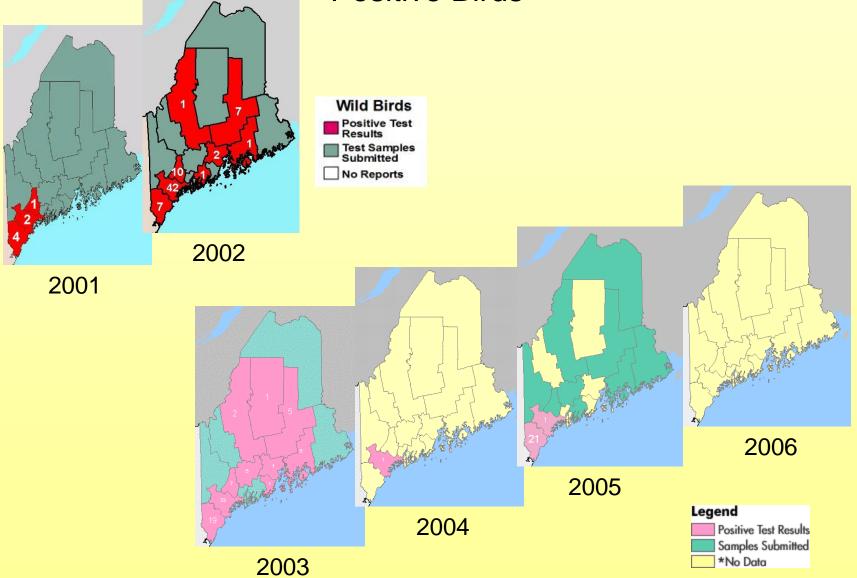


Mosquito. Image: Maine-CDC



#### West Nile Virus

#### **Positive Birds**



#### Heat Related Morbidity



#### Record heat wave blankets eastern U.S. - Americas -International Herald Tribune

By KATIE ZEZIMA Published: Wednesday, August 2, 2006

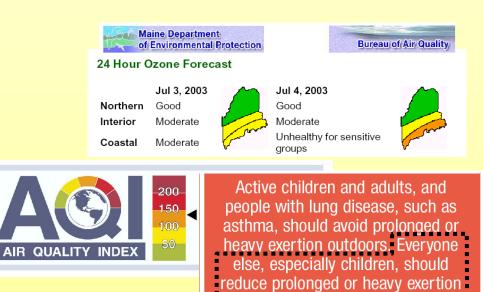
**BOSTON** — Residents from Maine to Georgia and parts of the Midwest broiled under excessive heat Wednesday that strained power grids, taxed patience and, in some cases, proved fatal.

<	SIGN IN TO RECOMMEND
E	TWITTER
$\boxtimes$	E-MAIL

### **Air Pollution**



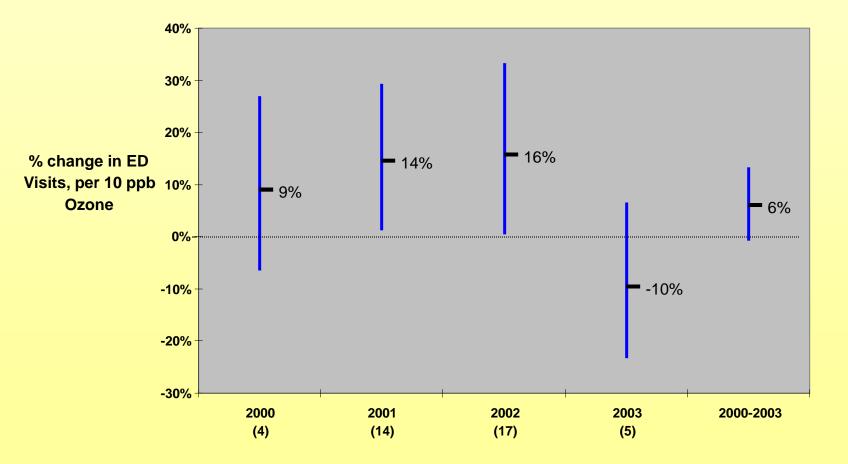
"Maine has one of the highest rates of asthma in the U.S."



outdoors.

#### **Air Pollution**

Daily percent change in ED asthma-related visits for Greater Portland HSA area for 10 ppb change In ozone levels



#### Severe storms & flooding









# Harmful Algal Blooms



Web address: http://www.sciencedaily.com/releases/2010/02/ 100224142042.htm

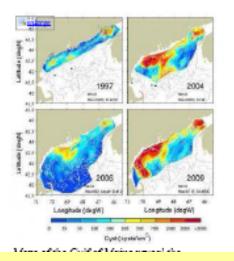
Your source for the latest research news

#### Red Tide: Researchers Issue Outlook for a Significant New England Bloom of a Toxic Alga in 2010

ScienceDaily (Mar. 3, 2010) — Scientists from the NOAA-funded Gulf of Maine Toxicity (GOMTOX) project have issued an outlook for a significant regional bloom of a toxic alga that can cause 'red tides' in the spring and summer of this year, potentially threatening the New England shellfish industry.

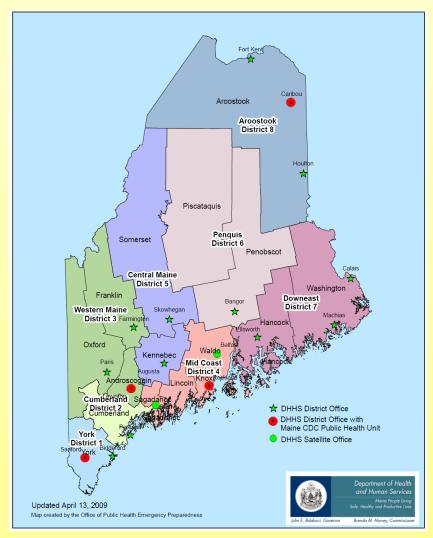
An abundant seed population in bottom sediments has set the stage for a significant bloom of the toxic alga *Alexandrium fundyense*. This organism swims in the water, and divides again and again to form a "bloom" or red tide, but it also produces dormant cells or cysts that fall to the ocean bottom at the end of these blooms.

A cyst survey conducted in late 2009 shows the highest amount of cysts the team has ever measured, more than 60 percent higher than what was observed.





#### **Public Health Infrastructure**



Eight Public Health Districts • 28 Healthy Maine Partnerships

# Adapting to Climate Change



It's not enough to be busy. The question is: What are we busy about? - *Henry David Thoreau*