

119th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1999

Legislative Document

No. 426

H.P. 310

House of Representatives, January 14, 1999

An Act to Implement Recommendations of the Maine Indian Tribal-State Commission to Ensure Enforcement of Subpoenas by Tribal Courts.

Reported by Representative THOMPSON for the Maine Indian Tribal-State Commission, pursuant to Resolve 1997, chapter 45, section 3.

Reference to the Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary suggested and printing ordered under Joint Rule 218.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 14 MRSA §702, as amended by PL 1987, c. 223, §1, is further amended to read:

§702. Duty of sheriffs and deputies; fees

Every sheriff and each of his the sheriff's deputies shall serve and execute, within his the respective county, all writs and precepts issued by lawful authority te-him to the sheriff, including the Passamaquoddy Tribal Court, as defined in Title 30, section 6209-A and the Penobscot Tribal Court, as defined in Title 30, section 6209-B, directed and committed, including those in which a town, plantation, parish, religious society or school district, of which he the sheriff is at the time a member, is a party or interested, but his the legal fees for service shall must first be paid or secured to him the sheriff. If the fees are not paid or secured to him the sheriff when the process is delivered to him the sheriff, he the sheriff shall immediately return it to the plaintiff or attorney offering it; or if sent to him the sheriff by mail or otherwise, he the sheriff shall put it into some post office within 24 hours, directed to the person sending it; otherwise he the sheriff waives his the sheriff's right to his the sheriff's fees before service.

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SUMMARY

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This bill makes it clear that sheriffs and deputies have the duty to serve and execute papers issued by the Passamaquoddy Tribal Court and the Penobscot Tribal Court.

OFFICE OF POLICY AND LEGAL ANALYSIS

Date:

04/16/99

To:

Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary

From:

Peggy Reinsch, Legislative Analyst

LD 426

An Act to Implement Recommendations of the Maine Indian Tribal-State Commission to Ensure Enforcement of Subpoenas by Tribal Courts.

SUMMARY

This bill requires sheriffs and deputies to serve all writs and precepts issued by the Passamaquoddy Tribal Court or the Penobscot Tribal Court. "Writs and precepts" include orders and bench warrants.

The proposed amendment expands the bill by adding a new section to the Implementing Act to give statewide effect to orders and decisions of the Passamaquoddy Tribal Court and the Penobscot Tribal Court.

Under the amendment, each tribal court has the same authority as the State courts to enforce, through civil or criminal contempt, any violation of an order, subpoena, warrant or other process issued by the Tribal Court with respect to any party or other person located within the respective reservation or otherwise subject to the personal jurisdiction of that court. It also requires courts and other authorities of the State and its political subdivisions to execute and enforce the tribal court order, subpoena, warrant or other process with respect to a person not subject to the jurisdiction of the Tribal Court, in the same manner as a similar order issued by the courts of this state.

The amendment also provides that it supersedes inconsistent provisions of the Uniform Enforcement of Foreign Judgments Act, the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act and other state laws providing for the recognition of the judicial orders or proceedings of other jurisdictions.

The proposed amendment provides that the bill would not be effective without approval by the Passamaquoddy Tribe and the Penobscot Indian Nation.

TESTIMONY

Proponents

- Sheriffs unclear whether they have power to serve now
- Bill and amendment intended to obviate need to go to District Court or the Superior Court to get a special order
- · Full faith and credit included in federal law
- Many jobs off the reservation, but employers often don't honor child support income withholding orders
- Sheriffs come on to tribal lands to serve subpoenas from state courts, but won't serve ours
- Attorneys, prosecutors and judges in tribal courts all have to pass Maine bar
- · Tribal courts aren't that foreign
- · This is a quantum leap, and it is needed
- · Will be used mostly in civil judgments
- Tribal police aren't allowed to go off reservation to serve warrants and subpoenas
- On numerous occasions Tribal Courts have subpoenaed various professional people to come to court after performing evaluations, and several times they have not showed up for court

Opponents

- Full Faith and Credit Clause requires state's courts to honor the orders and judgments of another state's courts process to do so
- Uniform Enforcement of Foreign Judgments Act applies to tribal orders
- Be very, very careful before shucking all these laws
- Not clear what broad scope these enforcement powers have
- These are broad, sweeping changes constitutional ramifications

POTENTIAL ISSUES OR TECHNICAL PROBLEMS:

· References to the Tribal Courts should be moved to after "lawful authority" on line 10.

FISCAL IMPACT:

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