Rev. Samuel Blomfield, Dean of the Westbrook Seminary, 1834-1836

Dr. James P. Weston, President of the Westbrook Seminary, 1853-1855; 1878-1889

Julia S. Dunlap, President of the Seminary and Female Collegiate Institute, Class of 1862

Teachers and students, Westbrook Seminary, 1910

Principal Agnes Tolford (center) and faculty, Westbrook Seminary, 1928

Students registering, September 1934

Dental Hygiene students, early 1940s

Nursing students, mid 1940s

Health science students, early 1960s

Men's basketball team in Finley Recreation Center, 1980

Clinical Simulation Laboratory in Stewart Science Center

College of Pharmacy, Hospital Lab, 1990s

1830, September 29
The Honorable Association of Universalists resolves "to establish a Female School" at Stevens Plains, Westbrook, Maine.

1830, October 27
The Universalist founders' charitering act for Westbrook Seminary stipulates "no sectarian doctrine will be taught and that students from all religious and creeds will be accepted for education and, if they are contributors and higher branches of learning as the Board of Trustees ... shall direct."

1831, March 4
Governor Dorrel C. Smith signs the charter for Westbrook Seminary.

1834, May 5
The Trustees of Westbrook Seminary (class is held in the Universalist Church) approve the Seminary Building with "rooms and fixtures attention is equal privileges."

1834, June 9
The first Westbrook Seminary class is held in the Seminary Building. Rules and regulations are government and instruction of the Seminary" are elect as follows: President, Rev. Samuel Blomfield; A.M., principal.

1835
James P. Weston, D.D., becomes head of Westbrook Seminary and Female Collegiate Institute of Westbrook.

1857
Goodwill Hall is built and named in honor of Hon. Ira Goodwill of Portland.

1863, March
Recognizing the lack of opportunities for women in higher degrees, the trustees are authorized to be an of "the Trustees of Westbrook Seminary and Female Collegiate Institute to Universalist Society of Westbrook.

1863, June
The first Westbrook Seminary "Lady of the Lake" graduates. Degrees are awarded to Ella M. Merrill and Julia S. Quimby.

1867
The Gothic church is built on land donated by Hannah Cummings Dunlap.

1869
Fenday Hall, named for General Samuel Fenday, is built. Classes are held in the Gothic Church.

1884
Deborah Mohler, an early 1870 Westbrook graduate, donates the College graduate some calculators, begins her tenure at Westbrook Seminary.

1888
Westbrook Seminary women drive against the Cumberland County Commissioners, who insisted that there "not that of Fort—mak counterfeits" — even to the point of "Fort" being chiseled out of the Westbrook Seminary cornerstone.

1892
The Athletic Association of Westbrook Seminary is formed. The Athletic Association is utilized as a gymnasium, and boasting a "Physical Culture" becomes a prominent feature.

1894
The Seminary Building is renamed Alumni Hall, in honor of those who contributed to its repair and renovation.

1900
Reflecting the popularity of all sports, McArthur Hall is constructed, dedicated to Charles Dana businessman Robert McArthur, opens for the enjoyment of bath-tiled and women.

1914
Clarence P. Dunlap becomes president of Westbrook Seminary. He grew up in Westbrook's Dunlap Hill neighborhood. Under his leadership, the education of young women.

1925
The last co-education class is graduated, and Dunlap's administration under the leadership of Agnes M. Tolford, begins in 1926 two years of college for women, and 1928 the Preparatory Program.

1928
By a vote of the Trustees, Westbrook Seminary is accredited by the New England Association of Schools and Colleges (NEASC).

1933
Milton D. Pinkton, Ph.D. is appointed President.

1934
Westbrook Junior College begins becomes the third Junior College in Maine accredited by the New England Association of Schools and Colleges (NEASC).

1952
Proctor Hall is denoted and dedicated to Dr. Ernest Proctor Pinkton, who is credited with "restoring Westbrook Seminary into modern institution of learning".

1958
Edward F. Stewart becomes president of the Portland Junior College.

1959
The Willow Women Writers Collection is established by Dr. Ira Dye and Dorothy Peters.

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1961
Westbrook Junior College becomes the first Junior College in Maine to offer a dental hygiene degree, and a new curriculum, nurses after three years of study, is built to break for program.

1961
The Deborah Morton Society is initiated to honor Alumnae who have made outstanding contributions to their communities.

1962
Alexander Hall, named for Sidney Logan Alexander, opens.

1963
Lionel Bouchard Hall, honors William S. Lionel, President of Westbrook, and Board of Trustees.

1964
McDougall Residence Hall, named for Trustee Donald McDougall, opens.

1966
Gene Stebbins Hall remembers Eileen Gene, President of Westbrook Junior College, and Stebbins publisher and philanthropist.

1967
The Stewart Science Center, honoring President Edward F. Stewart, is built to house the nursing department in its alone room.

1970, July 1
Granted by a special session of the 103rd Legislature, Westbrook Junior College becomes Westbrook College, and Junior College becomes Westbrook College and inaugurates James Hamilton Cumming as president of the College.

1971
The Gothic church reverts to Westbrook College and is renamed the "Library in a church."

1972
Maine students are once again admitted.

1977
The Art Gallery opens.

1977
Tracy Hall, named for Dr. Lawrence Tracy, President Lucille "Lu" Andrews Andrews and Andrews are honored.

1986
The Andrews S. Alumnae "45 Library" is established in the Lucille "Lu" Andrews Auditorium are renovated.

1987
William D. Andrews, Ph.D. becomes the President of Westbrook College, guiding the College through its education of baccalaureate degree programs.

1988
The Sidney Rogers Finley '64 Recreation Center is built.

1994
Built the men's and women's basketball teams, and the Stephen Coffin Conference Room.

1996, July 31
Westbrook College and the University of Maine System merge, forming the original 18-U, Westbrook Seminary chapter.

1996, August 1
Westbrook College changes its name to the University of Maine at Westbrook College, Dr. James Hamilton, Ph.D., becomes the president of the newly merged institution.

1999
The College of Health Professions moves to Stevens Plains Campus.

2000
Fenday Hall is renovated.

2001
Parker Pavilion is built to connect the Stewart Science Center, the Proctor Hall with a newly constructed College of Health Professions interactive classroom.

2004
The Clinical Simulation Laboratory opens in the Stewart Science Center.

2005
1700 Stevens Avenue is renovated.

2006
The 175th anniversary of the founding of Westbrook Seminary is celebrated and Genevieve N. Rizzo, Ph.D., is bequeathed as president of the University of Maine System.

2008
The 175th anniversary of the founding of Westbrook Seminary is celebrated and Genevieve N. Rizzo, Ph.D., is bequeathed as president of the University of Maine System.

2009, September 8
The College of Health Professions is re-named the College of Pharmacy, Health and Rehabilitation Professions.

2009, October 1
The College of Pharmacy is dedicated in a ceremony.

2010, May 22
1170 years after graduating his first class, Westbrook Seminary celebrates its electoral students.

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2011
Goodwill Hall is renovated.